

THE STERLING AD VOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. III.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 16 1892.

NO. 3.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Size	Rate
One Line	10 Cts.
Two Lines	15 Cts.
Three Lines	20 Cts.
Four Lines	25 Cts.
Five Lines	30 Cts.
Six Lines	35 Cts.
Seven Lines	40 Cts.
Eight Lines	45 Cts.
Nine Lines	50 Cts.
Ten Lines	55 Cts.
Eleven Lines	60 Cts.
Twelve Lines	65 Cts.
Thirteen Lines	70 Cts.
Fourteen Lines	75 Cts.
Fifteen Lines	80 Cts.
Sixteen Lines	85 Cts.
Seventeen Lines	90 Cts.
Eighteen Lines	95 Cts.
Nineteen Lines	1.00
Twenty Lines	1.05
Twenty One Lines	1.10
Twenty Two Lines	1.15
Twenty Three Lines	1.20
Twenty Four Lines	1.25
Twenty Five Lines	1.30
Twenty Six Lines	1.35
Twenty Seven Lines	1.40
Twenty Eight Lines	1.45
Twenty Nine Lines	1.50
Thirty Lines	1.55
Thirty One Lines	1.60
Thirty Two Lines	1.65
Thirty Three Lines	1.70
Thirty Four Lines	1.75
Thirty Five Lines	1.80
Thirty Six Lines	1.85
Thirty Seven Lines	1.90
Thirty Eight Lines	1.95
Thirty Nine Lines	2.00
Forty Lines	2.05
Forty One Lines	2.10
Forty Two Lines	2.15
Forty Three Lines	2.20
Forty Four Lines	2.25
Forty Five Lines	2.30
Forty Six Lines	2.35
Forty Seven Lines	2.40
Forty Eight Lines	2.45
Forty Nine Lines	2.50
Fifty Lines	2.55
Fifty One Lines	2.60
Fifty Two Lines	2.65
Fifty Three Lines	2.70
Fifty Four Lines	2.75
Fifty Five Lines	2.80
Fifty Six Lines	2.85
Fifty Seven Lines	2.90
Fifty Eight Lines	2.95
Fifty Nine Lines	3.00
Sixty Lines	3.05
Sixty One Lines	3.10
Sixty Two Lines	3.15
Sixty Three Lines	3.20
Sixty Four Lines	3.25
Sixty Five Lines	3.30
Sixty Six Lines	3.35
Sixty Seven Lines	3.40
Sixty Eight Lines	3.45
Sixty Nine Lines	3.50
Seventy Lines	3.55
Seventy One Lines	3.60
Seventy Two Lines	3.65
Seventy Three Lines	3.70
Seventy Four Lines	3.75
Seventy Five Lines	3.80
Seventy Six Lines	3.85
Seventy Seven Lines	3.90
Seventy Eight Lines	3.95
Seventy Nine Lines	4.00
Eighty Lines	4.05
Eighty One Lines	4.10
Eighty Two Lines	4.15
Eighty Three Lines	4.20
Eighty Four Lines	4.25
Eighty Five Lines	4.30
Eighty Six Lines	4.35
Eighty Seven Lines	4.40
Eighty Eight Lines	4.45
Eighty Nine Lines	4.50
Ninety Lines	4.55
Ninety One Lines	4.60
Ninety Two Lines	4.65
Ninety Three Lines	4.70
Ninety Four Lines	4.75
Ninety Five Lines	4.80
Ninety Six Lines	4.85
Ninety Seven Lines	4.90
Ninety Eight Lines	4.95
Ninety Nine Lines	5.00
One Hundred Lines	5.05

COURT DIRECTORY.

CRIMINAL COURT.
JAMES J. ROY, Judge, presiding, Third Monday, May and Fourth Monday in November.
JAMES W. GIBBS, presiding, Third Monday in November and Fourth Monday in May.
COMMONS COURT.
JAMES J. ROY, Judge, presiding, Third Monday in November and Fourth Monday in May.
COMMONS COURT.
JAMES J. ROY, Judge, presiding, Third Monday in November and Fourth Monday in May.

PROFESSIONAL.

A. A. KIRK, Attorney-at-Law.
Will practice in the Courts of Kentucky.
M. OLIVER, Attorney-at-Law and Surveyor.
All collections and real estate transactions or anything concerning the same, given when needed, and abstracts of titles given when desired. Office, front room, upstairs, first door south of E. M. & T. R. Barnes.
W. H. THOMPSON, M.D.
Office with Dr. R. Q. Drake.
CHAS. B. DIERSON, Physician and Surgeon.
Office, Main Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky.
DR. J. M. FORD, of Mt. Sterling, Ky.
Physician.
DR. J. M. FORD, of Mt. Sterling, Ky.
Physician.

WHITE PINE AND POPLAR SINGLES.

Doors of all sizes.
Sash—Glazed and Unglazed.
Window and Door Frames.
Moulding and Brackets of all kinds.
Verandas of every Description.
Star Planing Mill Company.
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

THE BARGAIN STORE.

GORDON & FRANKS.
Have made a great change in their Clothing and Shoe business. They have the goods to suit both rich and poor, young and old, at prices unheard of. We are selling new suits at 25c; Men's Shirts at 10c; Ladies' Shirts at 7c; Men's Socks at 5c; up to 10c. Also great bargains in all lines of goods.
We receive new goods every week. Don't forget to call and see us at.

THE BARGAIN STORE.

24 South Mayville Street.
Opposite Opera-House.

J. O. MILLER.

RECORDS.
Miller & Wilson.

INSURANCE.

AND
Real Estate.

LOWEST RATES.

CHOICEST COMPARISON.
PROMPT SETTLEMENTS.
Of Any And All Agencies.

Josiah Indsay,

AGENT ON
C. & O. RAILROAD,
West of Depot,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

W. H. FLETCHER,

AUCTIONEER.
MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY.
Offers his services to the people of Montgomery County and vicinity. Prompt attention given to all sales of Personal Property and Real Estate. Terms Reasonable.
24-27.

CHAS. REIS,

MANUFACTURER OF—
Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Halters, etc.
I carry the largest and most complete line of general Saddlery Goods in the city.
All work made of first-class material and by skilled workmen. Call and examine stock and learn prices.
CHAS. REIS.

Wool Carding.

AND MANUFACTURING
Jeans Blankets Flannels,
TWEEDS,
Cotton and Woolen Hosiery.

We would respectfully inform all that we are prepared to manufacture all of the above goods at low down prices, and guarantee the very best of work. Wool from a distance carded into rolls and returned to owner in quick time. Full weight of rolls in return guaranteed.

All the work up in strong sheets and it will be returned in good order.

Cash paid for wool or goods given in exchange. Will pay highest price for rendered Fallow, in casks or barrels, or exchange Soap for it. Prices for manufacturing furnished on application and price list sent.

Agents for the best Sheep Dip sold.

D. A. LOUD & BRO.,

Phoenix Woolen Mills,
Lexington, Ky.

W. T. TYLER & E. F. ROBERTSON,
MANAGERS.

STAR

Planing Mill Co.
Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

Rough & Dressed

LUMBER,
White Pine and Poplar Singles,
Doors of all sizes,
Sash—Glazed and Unglazed,
Window and Door Frames,
Moulding and Brackets of all kinds,
Verandas of every Description.
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GENERAL NEWS.

At St. Louis Tuesday Judge James C. Norville, of the Criminal Court, committed suicide by taking poison.

Criticism of his court and conduct by the Post-Dispatch caused him to bring suit against the paper for alleged libel, and he also instituted proceedings for criminal libel against the paper's editors. It is thought that his mind became unbalanced by these troubles. He left a note saying he had determined not to kill F. D. White, the chief editor of the paper, preferring suicide to murder. There were four other suicides in St. Louis shortly after the Judge killed himself.

Mr. Ballard Smith, editor-in-chief of the New York World, has resigned, and his resignation has been accepted by Mr. Pulitzer, the proprietor of the World. The cause of Mr. Smith's withdrawal is said to be his editorial policy regarding the Homestead strike. Under his leadership the World took ultra grounds in defense of the strikers.

A telephone message from Grosi, in the foothills, twelve miles from Bledy, Cal., says the Visalia train robbers are on Nigger Creek, ten miles from Grosi, surrounded by a posse of over fifty armed men. The officers are confident of a capture of the desperadoes if they get no further in the mountains.

An unsuccessful attempt was made by the Chicago Musical Union to secure the arrest of the members of the famous Thirteenth Battalion Band, of Halton, Ont., as it passed through that city en route to Denver, on the allegation that it had come into this country in violation of the alien labor law.

In a published interview Director-General Davis, of the World's Columbian Exposition, is quoted as saying that Congress had really given the Fair \$3,383,000, or \$788,000 more than it is generally understood the bill called for.

The name of Marshall Cushing, the Private Secretary to Postmaster General Wanamaker, is prominently mentioned as a probable successor to First Assistant Postmaster General Whitfield, soon to retire.

A horrible accident happened in County H, west of Guthrie, C. T. A man, his wife and four children were en route in a wagon when their team ran away, and dashing over a precipice, killed every one of the six.

Copies of President Harrison's proclamation, calling on armed men to disperse, have been shot to pieces where posted in Wyoming. This is supposed to be the work of "trustee" sympathizers.

Wm. Stuerling and Miss Annie Stuerling, first cousins, who reside in St. Louis, after unsuccessful attempts to marry in three States, came to Louisville, obtained license, and were wed.

At Winslow, thirty miles north of Van Buren, Ark., an unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the "Frisco" passenger train. It is believed to have been the Dalton gang.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners in National Convention at St. Louis, adopted a resolution demanding that the World's Fair be kept open on Sunday.

The house over the vault at the Jewish cemetery, at Preston and Woodbine streets, Louisville, was set on fire and burned.

Al Howard, of Chicago, won \$8,000 from the pool rooms. He accepted 1 odds on Louie, a Kentucky filly who ran at Garfield Park.

The Fort Payne Coal and Iron Company, of Fort Payne, Ala., has been placed in the hands of a receiver on the application of a minority of the bondholders.

About forty high-salaried and ornamental officers of the Geological Bureau will be dropped on account of the reduction of the annual appropriation.

Representative Wm. T. Ellis was unanimously nominated by the Democratic Convention of the Second district, at Henderson, Ky., Tuesday.

Practical Tariff Work.

"Speaking of the tariff," said a New York merchant, "make lines. On those that run over 100 threads to the square inch the duty is 35 per cent. on those that run 100 threads or less the duty is 50 per cent. This makes a plain discrimination in favor of the weather classes, who can afford to buy a fine grade of linen. The poor people, who have to use the coarse and cheap kind, have to pay more for it in proportion than the weather classes do for theirs. Of course, the idea was to protect the American manufacturer of linen. The thing has been tried, but, save for the manufacture of the cheaper grades of crash, it has proved a failure.

"Take worsted dress goods," too, on which we pay an ad valorem and a weight duty, also. Here's something that costs 25 cts. on the one side. That is, 60 cents. The ad valorem duty is 50 per cent.—that makes the goods cost 90 cents a yard. It weighs thirteen ounces to the yard and the weight duty is 44 cents a pound, or 37 cents per yard. So a yard of stuff costs us:

Original cost.....\$2.00 Weight......37
Total.....\$2.37

"That we sell for \$1.50 per yard, and the cost of it in England was only 60 cents.

And here are Roubaix goods,—a common serge, this,—that cost 24 cents originally, and cost us 55 cents to land here. And this one cost us 11, 10c., or 19.3 cents, in France, and landed it costs 46 cents—something like 125 per cent. increase.

"The same way, too, with coat linings; what we pay 14 cents for on the other side costs 30 cents landed here.

"In the face of all this manufacturers over there claim that they are making money. And the next reason is that we are selling more goods than ever; the people need them, and it shows that the goods are not produced on this side when they continue to buy foreign goods so lavishly."

—[New York Times.

Practical Politics.

The Republicans are apparently making a still hunt for the Presidency. At least there is no great beating of drums and no great noise being made. On the other hand there is every effort being made to organize the party into working clubs that will secure every possible vote. Gen. Clarkson is sending out confidential letters urging the organization of Republican clubs in every precinct in the whole country and urges that these clubs parade and march and do what they can to bring to the polls every voter on election day.

Organization in every precinct is what Clarkson advises, and there is no doubt that it is the practical way to secure votes. Speech-making is well enough, banners attract attention, and campaign literature may make a few converts, but the business way to secure votes is to have every precinct organized in an intelligent manner, to have every voter's name registered, to make a thorough poll of every voting district and to have every wavering brother personally talked up and brought into line. There can be no apathy when every voting district has a score or two of active workers daily making the rounds among the voters. This is the method Senator Hill adopted to reclaim New York from the grasp of the Republicans. It is the method that has been employed by Tammany to win all of its hard-fought battles in New York City. It is the plan which the Democrats should adopt for this year not only in the doubtful States, but in every State in the Union.

Organization and personal interviews are the secret of practical politics, speech-making is but an accessory. If the Democrats do not follow the example of the Republicans and organize every precinct the Republicans will win a decisive victory, just as well trained and disciplined troops always win victories over disorganized hosts.

The Democrats must go at the election of Cleveland and Stevenson in a business-like manner. They must not rely upon lung power and a campaign of education.—[Louisville Post.

Carlisle On Silver.

Senator John G. Carlisle has addressed letter to John A. Lyne, of Henderson, Ky., making clear his position on the silver coinage question. He says he is opposed to free coinage of either gold or silver, but in favor of unlimited coinage of both metals upon terms of exact equality. No discrimination should be made in favor of one metal and against the other, nor should any discrimination be made in favor of holders of either gold or silver bullion and against the great body of people who own other kinds of property. Gold and silver bullion should be treated exactly alike in the mints of the United States—that is, that a dollar's worth of gold should be coined into a gold dollar, and a dollar's worth of silver should be coined into a silver dollar, and if no charges are made for coining the one, then no charges should be made for coining the other.

Continuing, Senator Carlisle says that, in his opinion, the declaration made upon the subject of coinage of silver by the Democratic party at its recent National Convention is perfectly sound in principle and enunciates the only true public policy.

What is "American" Spelling?

What, then, do British writers mean when they admonish upon "American spelling"? So far as I have been able to discover, the British journalists object to certain minor labor-saving improvements of American orthography, such as the dropping of k from almanack, the omission of g from wagon, and the like; and they protest with double force, with all the strength that in them lies, against the substitution of a single l for a double l in such words as traveller, against the substitution of an s for a c in such words as defence, against the omission of a u from such words as honour, and against the transposing of the final two letters of such words as theatre. The objection to "American spelling" may lie deeper than I have here suggested, and it may have a wider application; but I have done my best to state it fully and fairly as I have deduced it from a painful perusal of many columns of exacerbated British writing.

Now if I have succeeded in stating honestly the extent of the British journalistic objections to "American spelling" the unprejudiced reader may be moved to ask: "Is this all? Are these few and slight and unimportant changes the cause of this mighty commotion?" One may agree with Sainte Beuve in thinking that "orthography is the beginning of literature," without discovering in these modifications from the Johnsonian canon any cause for extreme disgust. And since I have quoted Sainte Beuve once, I venture to cite him again, and to take from the same letter of March 15, 1867, his suggestion that "if we write more correctly, let it be to express especially honest feelings and just thoughts."

Feelings may be honest, though they are violent, but irritation is not the best frame of mind for just thinking. The tendency with which some of the London newspapers are wont to defend the accepted British orthography is perhaps due to feeling rather than to thought. Lowell told us that as a fierce flame as ever once theological hatred; and any American who chances to note the force and fervor and the frequency of the objections against "American spelling" in the columns of the Saturday Review, for example, and of the Athenaeum, may find himself wondering as to the cause of the papal bull which declared the infidelity of contemporary British orthography, and as to the place where the council of the Church was held at which it was made an article of faith.

—[Brander Matthews in Harper's Magazine.

Charles Lillard, a convict who escaped from the Eldridge prison some days ago, has been captured in Christian county.

Things Useful to Know.

Scratches and bruises may be removed from furniture by using the kernel of a walnut or a butternut.

To make the eyebrows grow better, rub common salt into them every night before going to bed.

Clean white sheepskin rugs by scrubbing them with soap and water, drying thoroughly in the sun.

In washing black wool goods before making them over, use five cents' worth of soap bark to a pailful of water. Let it stand until cold. Iron on the wrong side.

A very good and simple face tonic is ten drops of benzoin to one of rose water. Put a few drops into the wash bowl when bathing the face. Both will soften and whiten.

For crump, use flannel cloths wrung out of very hot water and applied to the throat and chest; cover with dry ones, and renew with hot as soon as the others commence to cool.

Unsightly marks caused by the dripping of water in marble basins or water-closet bowls may be removed by rubbing with a cloth or old tooth brush dipped in pulverized chalk or ammonia.—[Good Housekeeping.

Practical Sayings.

If the oven should be too hot at any time, place a pan filled with water in it, and the heat will be lessened.

To test the freshness of eggs, drop them in a dish of water, and if the small end comes to the top they are fresh.

To make pipes or basins a nice color, moisten the top of them with a little sweet milk just before they are put into the oven.

For iron rust, lay in kerosene oil and let it remain some time. The oil will loosen the rust so that it will come off.

A tablespoonful of powdered borax dissolved in the bath will prove very invigorating, as well as soften the water so that it will feel like velvet.

To take oil out of carpets or woollens, put on buckwheat flour, and brush it off very carefully into a dustpan. Keep on applying till all of the grease has been absorbed.

Wash glass should be first thoroughly washed and dried, then rubbed with prepared chalk, using a soft brush, and being careful not to neglect any of the crevices. This will give it a fine polish.—[Good Housekeeping.

The following story comes from Prisque, Isle county, Mich.: "Mrs. Shaw had laid the baby down in the grass and returned to the house for a few moments when an enormous eagle swooped down on the infant, and sunk its talons into the little one's flesh and clothing and took flight with it. The mother heard her baby's cry, and her shrieks brought the father. Mr. Shaw at once mounted the shore of a near-by lake where he knew there was an eagle's eyrie in the cliffs.

Shaw arrived in time to see two eagles hovering above a crag of rock, filling the air with their cries and battling for possession of the baby that lay high upon the cliff. Before the father had reached the summit one of the eagles had fallen to the ground, while the other had again taken up the child for another flight.

Shaw fired and the bird and baby fell into the water. The frantic father plunged into the lake and caught up the body, but the little one was dead. He took it home with the bodies of the two eagles, one of which had been killed in the fight over the prey.

Cholera infantum has lost its terrors since the introduction of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. When that remedy is used and the treatment as directed with each bottle is followed, a cure is certain. Mrs. Fanny Lauderdale, of Scotch Hope county, Illinois, says it cured her baby of cholera infantum after several other remedies had failed. The child was so low "that he seemed almost beyond the reach of human hands or reach of any medicine," but Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured him. 25 and 50c. bottles for sale by T. G. Julian.

THE ADVOCATE.

Frankfort Correspondence.

FRANKFORT, KY., Aug. 14, 1892.

ED. ADVOCATE: The Legislature has gotten its consent to take a recess for three months, and it is probable they will rest from their labors Tuesday, to reconvene on Nov. 15th. While these self-sacrificing work-work lawmakers are adjourning in the bosom of their beloved constituents, it is possible the elongated auditory apparatus of some of them, if well attended, may hear something drop, and would be a matter of profound regret if it should prove to be themselves, who had fallen from the proud pinnacle of the peoples confidence.

Some querulous unsympathetic styles express the opinion that their labors will be protracted through the dog-days of 1893, that per diem, with many of them, is paramount to the public good, but when adjournment sine die comes, there will be sad eternal partings, a long farewell to all their greatness, and political dead dews will be gathering on many a marble brow.

The Legislature has done nothing for several days, awaiting the action of the Governor on the Revenue and Taxation bill, which will be returned to-morrow, if the bill is vetoed. The recess resolution may be reconsidered, as under the old law it is estimated the State will lose several hundred thousand dollar revenue.

The bill relating to asylums will go over till after the recess.

The Louisville Circuit Courts bill was passed Tuesday.

The Committee on Corporate Institutions have reported favorably a bill limiting the price of water and gas in the cities below the 2nd class to 50 cents per 1,000 gallons, and \$1.50 per 1,000 cubic feet respectively.

A resolution was introduced providing that members and employees shall not draw pay during vacation. This would be a joke if the personnel of the body did not justify such restraining measures. The Auditor has given his construction of the law on the subject, the Attorney-General not heard from.

The Democratic Committee of this Congressional District met here Thursday at the office of Col. E. Polk Johnson. The Committee decided that if Col. Breckinridge had no opposition, (and so far he has none) to declare him the nominee on the 25th inst.

Predict conventions were held yesterday in this Judicial District to select Democratic candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney. The district convention meets on the 25th inst. at Georgetown, Ky. Cantrill, of Scott, and John S. Smith, of Bourbon, will probably be nominated.

Mrs. Wm. Hatton, of Bailey's Switch, Knox County, was badly hurt and her thirteen-year old daughter Susie killed at Winchester on Thursday. Mrs. Hatton and three children were on their way to Bowen, Powell County, and had just stepped off a train. They made the attempt to cross the track of the N. & M. V. R. R. when a backing freight caught the daughter cutting off both arms and both legs. The mother made an effort to save the child and was caught by the train having a leg so badly crushed that amputation was necessary. The child, Susie, lived only a couple of hours.

Thursday afternoon a shooting affair took place on the grounds of the Bath County Fair Association, in which David Dale, of Bath County, was shot twice by Bud Booth, of Flat Rock, Bourbon County. Dale was very badly wounded, once in the abdomen and again in the hip. At last report he was said to be improving. Booth was arrested and lodged in jail to await the result of Dale's injuries.

The American Library Association, comprising 300 or 400 of the leading librarians of the country, has established under the name of the A. L. A. Council, a kind of library Senate, which is proposed to be among American librarians what the French Academy is among French scholars.

W. Godfrey Hunter was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Fourth Kentucky district at a slimly attended convention at Frankfort Thursday. There is said to be much opposition to him inside of his own party.

HORSE AND TRACK.

Robert Jay 2:00 1/2 weighs 800 pounds.

McHenry has commenced to give Charleston, 2:15, fast work.

A covered track is being built at Cumberland Park, Nashville, Tenn.

There will be no more thoroughbred mares bred at Prospect Hill Farm to trotting stallions.

E. D. Wiggin, the owner of Martha Wilkes, 2:15, refuses to put a price on that mare.

Flying Jib, which had no record a month ago, now has on his main sail 2:10 1/2, but he has a fly name.

The famous old mare Lucille Gold-dust, 2:10 1/2, has produced at least four foals that can beat 2:20.

The trotter says Allerton will likely be all right by September 1st, for his race with Nancy Hanks.

Up to date there are considerable over two score of the "fastest tracks in the world."

Nancy Hanks wears nine and one-half ounce shoes in front and four ounce shoes behind, with no weight.

If anything's in a name. Nightingale must be a fortunate one, for two by that name have each won a \$10,000 stake.

Nancy Hanks started at Grand Rapids to beat 2:09. The time was 2:09. She is good for 2:08 when she gets to Independence.

Harry Noble, 2:17, died at Grand Rapids last week of colic. He was entered in the stallion stake, and was valued at \$30,000.

Hal Pointer beat Direct again at Grand Rapids. Best time 2:09. The gelding seems to be the speediest this season. Direct will improve as he is short of work.

Ed Geers and John Dickerson both believe that the rubber tired sulkeys will be the only kind used, as soon as enough can be manufactured to go around.

Monroe Salisbury under no circumstances permits Direct, the pacing wonder, to enter a stall while campaigning, without the same first being thoroughly disinfected.

"The rubber track is the next big improvement," says C. W. Williams, the owner of Allerton, "rain would not affect it; but it would be pretty costly, probably \$100,000. I'm thinking about it some, though."

Alvin won the \$10,000 stallion stake at Grand Rapids in straight heats. Bonnie Wilmore 2d, time 2:10 1/2, 2:14 1/2, 2:14 1/2. Flying Jib won the 2:30 pace, best time, 2:08 1/2. This fellow can go with any pace in the land, and it is more than likely that he can beat the great Hal Pointer.

Nancy Lee, the dam of Nancy Hanks, 2:09, has produced eight foals. One by Red Wilkes, one by Tombstone Mambrino 2:14, one by Happy Medium, one by Robert McGee, 2:17, and two each by Onward, 2:25 1/2, and Stamboul, 2:11; two have been colts and the rest fillies. She is now fourteen years old.

Montgomery did well at Sharpsburg races. Feiler & Greene had a walk over in two-year-old stake, J. H. Wood won yearling stake with Lodema, Peters & Scoobee the pacing race with Dandy, J. W. White got 2d money in 2:40 class with Annette, Dean Bros. won 1st money in 3:00 min. class and 3d money in green race with Olma.

There has been any number of lectures delivered on the bad results arising from teamsters wanting to drive the other man's horse, or in other words anxious to see how the other parties in the race are getting along. Still the best of them are guilty of it. Last week those who watched the drivers and not the horses when it came to a scrap near the wire saw Geers, Splan and Doble take a peep over their shoulders, while many another followed suit.

A week ago yesterday Orrin Hickok offered Mr. Anderson, the owner of Nightingale, \$15,000 for the mare. Mr. Anderson refused to name a price but finally said he wanted to show Hickok what the mare could do. To this the latter demurred, saying she could go fast enough to be worth \$15,000 to him. A week ago this morning the owner gave the mare four fast miles the last in 2:14. He then sought Hickok and gave him the result of the four miles, and was surprised when Hickok turned on him in reply to his offer to sell her for \$20,000, saying that she wasn't worth as much to him now as before she was given the trial mile in 2:14—Toledo Sunday Journal.

An Aggressive Campaign.

Our Republican friends make a great mistake in assuming that this to be a defensive campaign on the part of the Democrats. It is to be aggressive in the last degree. We have nothing to excuse, or to apologize for. There are just three issues:

First, the Tariff.
Second, the Force Bill.
Third, Republican extravagance.

These the Democrats mean to press home, neither asking nor giving quarter. Republican Protection is robbery. The Tariff is a gigantic job. Forced tribute to the tune of a thousand millions a year is wrung from the people to enrich a favored class. Everybody is fleeced—the farmer, the doctor, the lawyer, the laborer—in order that the Carvegies may pile up fabulous wealth. The system is rotten to the core, and it will have to go.

The Force Bill is a scheme to centralize all power in a self-perpetuating election machine. If it enacted nothing short of a revolution can set it aside. It will raise anarchy in the South and ruin in the North. The Republicans are committed to it, and, if they elect their ticket, we shall have a new era of reconstruction more terrible than the old. It must not be. The people North and South must unite to defeat it.

The Republicans found an overflowing Treasury. They proceeded at once to loot it. If they are continued in power they will squander all the money of the people and take out a post-obit on the national credit.

Down with the robber Tariff! Down with the despotic Force Bill! Down with reckless waste of the resources of the country!—Courier Journal.

During the last week in July a monument was unveiled at Stirling, Scotland, in honor of William Murdoch, the civil engineer who invented gas lighting. It is amusing now to read some of the arguments advanced against the practicability of using gas as a light. Some wise people said one might as well talk of lighting a town with "clipped moonshine." Sir Walter Scott wrote to a friend that there was a crazy fellow proposing to light London with smoke. A member of Parliament declared that to have a light without a wick was "liking to believe too much." The strongest opposition in parliament came from those who contended it would ruin the whaling industry and do great damage to shipping and all correlated trades.—Louisville Commercial.

Mass Meeting.

At a mass meeting of the Democracy of Powell county, held at the Court House in Stanton, on Saturday, Aug. 15, 1892, W. H. Averett, one of the Democratic Committeemen for Powell county, in the absence of Hon. John D. Atkinson, Chairman, called the convention to order and explained its object.

And thereupon M. A. Phillips was made by the convention permanent Chairman, and O. A. Tyler, Secretary. On motion of W. H. Averett, the following named gentlemen were appointed by the chair to draft resolutions to-wit: W. M. Combs, O. A. Tyler and W. H. Averett, who presented and read to the convention the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved: 1. That in the person of Hon. James H. Hazelrigg, of Montgomery county, Ky., we find a tried and true Democrat, a man of integrity and worth to his people, a man eminently fitted and qualified to represent us on the Appellate bench of Kentucky. Therefore we do it resolved that John D. Atkinson, W. H. Averett, M. R. Lyle, M. A. Phillips, C. Mastin, Frank Martin, John W. Williams, W. D. Gray, W. M. Combs, Geo. M. Derickson, J. W. Lyle and Thomas A. Combs be, and they are hereby appointed delegates to attend the general convention which meets at Catlettsburg, Aug. 18th, 1892. Said delegates are hereby instructed to cast the solid vote of Powell county for the Hon. Jas. H. Hazelrigg for Judge of the Court of Appeals, and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

2. Be it further resolved that in the event neither of the above named delegates be in attendance at the Catlettsburg convention, then John T. Hazelrigg, A. A. Hazelrigg, Thos. Turner or Judge B. P. Day, of Mt. Sterling, Ky., are hereby vested with full power, and are selected by this convention as proxy to cast the vote of Powell county as above stated for Jas. H. Hazelrigg for Appellate Judge.

3. That the Clay City Chronicle, Mt. Sterling Sentinel-Democrat, Mt. Sterling Advocate, and all other similar pure Democratic newspapers in this Appellate District are requested to publish the proceedings of this convention.

On motion of Geo. M. Derickson the convention adjourned.

M. A. PHILLIPS, Chm'n.
O. A. TYLER, Sec'y.

There is a syndicate of hares in Central and Eastern Ky., working the dailies on cock-and-bull stories this summer.—Owingsville Outlook.

Will Ely, of Lexington, aged 21, was shot in three places at the Lawrenceburg Fair Thursday by Tom Slaughter, aged twenty-five. The trouble grew out of a quarrel over a game of cards. It is thought Ely will recover.

MUSIC CLASS.

I will reopen my class in music at my residence on North Maysville street, Monday, September 5, 1892.

Bills Due
At the end of each four weeks. Music furnished at teachers' prices.

MRS. ADDIE SAMUELS.

The County Appellate Conventions
The reports of the instructions of the county conventions so far as heard from are as follows:

For Hazelrigg:	
Bell	1
Beil	1
Bourbon	8
Jackson	2
Knox	3
Laurel	4
Lee	2
Messico	2
Montgomery	2
Morgan	2
Powell	2
Rockcastle	3
Total	47

For Cole:	
Bracken	6
Breathitt	4
Fleming	8
Greenup	5
Lewis	5
Macon	10
Nicholas	4
Rowan	2
Robertson	2
Total	48

For Willott:	
Carter	6
Elliot	5
Lavergne	6
Total	17

Uninstructed:	
Clark	10
Madison	11
Necessary to a choice 89.	

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

G. W. TRIMBLE. H. C. MCKEE.

LOOK!

WHAT A BEAUTIFUL



Oh! that is the very thing I want. Does the inscription go here?

Yes, mam, right there.

If this is not large enough we can give you any size or desire to suit your taste in Granite, Marble or Stone.

We also furnish all kinds of cemetery fixtures and do all kinds of stone work. We pay no big commissions to agents.

If you buy from us you can save money and get what you buy.

Mt. Sterling Marble & Granite Co.
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

THE EARLY BIRD CATCHES THE WORM

And enterprise catches the trade, while the prices we are prepared to offer in order to make room for fall goods will cause you to catch your breath in astonishment. Don't fail to call and see our goods, and you will be convinced.

I. N. PHIPPS,

SUCCESSOR TO W. S. CALDWELL

Estill Springs HOTEL!

LILLY & LILLY, Proprietors

This Hotel is now open for the accommodation of guests. The buildings have been thoroughly renovated and repaired. New lines of rooms and tables. Thoroughly trained servants are employed. Electric lights and bells have been put in. A large room with room for bathing, with mineral waters, has been built, and fitted with excellent apparatus. This bathing is unequalled. The appointments of the Hotel are entirely new. The celebrated

Trost's Orchestra

Has been engaged for the season. The floor is of polished hard wood. The furniture is of over time case long and comes California Mountain at a new grade, from the top of the mountain to the foot of the most beautiful view of the mountains are boasting bathing, tennis courts, bowling alleys, croquet, tennis, and many other. Religious services on each Sabbath by competent ministers. This is the most delightful

SUMMER RESORT

In the South. Write at once for terms.

ESTILL SPRINGS COMPANY,
IRVINE, KY.

RAY'S TONIC

—CURES—

LOSS OF APPETITE, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nausea, Sour Stomach, Sleeplessness, Headache, Nervous Prostration, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Energy, Weakness of Back, Feelings of Languor and Lassitude, General Debility, La Grippe, Etc., Etc.

In use for 25 years by eminent physicians and surgeons in the United States, and pronounced by them the best TONIC extant. It cures where all others fail. Try it and be convinced. Ask your Druggist for it.

PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

J. ED RAY & CO., Mfrs. and Proprs., PARIS, KY.

Wood's Phospholine.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Promptly and permanently cures all cases of Nervous Weakness, Emaciation, Spasmodic, Impotency, and all other cases of debility. It has been prescribed over 50 years. The only English Remedy known. Ask Druggist for Wood's Phospholine. It offers some worthless medicine in place of this. Its highest value, however, is in its price. One will please, as it will cure. Paraphrase in plain sealed envelope, two stamps. Address: Sold in Mt. Sterling by Kennedy Bros. R. C. Lloyd, C. Lloyd, T. & Julian, and druggists everywhere.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of Ladies. Is the only perfect medicine in reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no substitutes, or imitations at all and cents in postage in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars explain contents, to ladies only, two stamps. Address: **Pond Lily Co., No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.** Sold in Mt. Sterling by Kennedy Bros. R. C. Lloyd, C. Lloyd, T. & Julian, and druggists everywhere.

THE ADVOCATE.

THE SOUTH'S PROGRESS.

The New York Herald, in a recent editorial, says:

"In the August Forum Mr. Richard H. Edmonds draws a bright picture picture of Southern industrial progress and prosperity. It is a picture full of significance and one on which the whole country may look with pleasure.

A dozen years ago the Southern vegetable and fruit trade was insignificant. To-day it amounts to fifty million dollars a year, and is increasing, with a promise that the South is to become the market garden of the North. From Norfolk alone more than five million dollars' worth of vegetables and fruits are yearly sent to Northern markets. Georgia sends more than ten thousand carloads of watermelons and from three to four million boxes of oranges.

The yield of cotton the great Southern staple, has nearly doubled in ten years, reaching nine million bales in 1891. There has been a marvelous advance in the production of rice, sugar and tobacco. The grain product increased during the decade from four hundred to nearly seven hundred million bushels. The value of chief agricultural products was nearly two hundred million dollars greater in 1891 than in 1881.

Ten years ago the annual output of coal mines was six million tons; to-day it is twenty-three millions. There is less than half a million tons of pig iron were produced; now the output is two millions. Then the capital invested in cottonseed oil mills was three and a half million dollars; now it is thirty millions. In Southern cotton mills twenty thousand more operatives are employed now than ten years ago. In railroad building and traffic, in commerce and business, corresponding strides have been made. The railroad mileage has been nearly doubled. The rise of exports from Southern ports amounts to nearly one hundred million dollars. National banks have increased in number from two hundred and twenty to six hundred and forty, while their capital has risen from forty-five million to a hundred million dollars. In 1881 the assessed value of property in the South was less than three billion dollars; in 1891 it was nearly five billions.

These are merely some items of ten years Southern progress. The resources of the South are boundless. Its coal and iron deposits, "always the foundation for the greatest prosperity, are so great as to defy competition." In forests of hard wood suggest vast industrial possibilities. "In the great mineral and timber belt which stretches from Virginia to Northern Alabama there is a concentration of mineral and timber wealth greater than can be found in any other equal area in America or Europe with ideal conditions for its profitable development."

Such in outline is the story of Southern progress and promise told by Mr. Edmonds. It is a bright and rosy as it is a picture of fancy. It bristles with facts and figures that give it the element of reality.

To the cynic, the pessimist, the calamity prophet it may be discouraging. To every one who rejoices in national progress it is something for congratulation. Southern prosperity is American prosperity.

All praise to the South for its achievements. All success to its future enterprise.

But a few years ago its territory was dotted with fresh battle fields that told memorable stories of devastation. Its people were impoverished its industries paralyzed, its future clouded. Devastated by war, oppressed by reconstruction legislation, menaced by Northern political domination. The South has shown a pluck and enterprise and achieved a success that can not fail to command the admiration of the world. May it move steadily on in the highway of industrial and commercial progress.

A wonderful spring, so it is alleged has been discovered in Greenup county. The water is cold and colorless, but when applied to dress goods or carpets colors them a deep red. The flesh of persons who bathe in it is turned to a light blood red, and when applied to the hair it blouses it. It is said a number of families in the neighborhood have used the water for years.

Agricultural Notes.

The hay crop is reported large, but of doubtful quality, owing to many weeds.

The Texas hay crop from wild and cultivated grasses is estimated at \$1,300,387.

In Central New York the hop-growers have combined to hold last year's crop at advanced prices.

Two-thirds of a full average crop of corn and 95 per cent. of a full average of oats is predicted for Iowa.

The juice of the grape is sold in increasing quantities every year as a summer drink.

The peach crop in Georgia is reported good; in Delaware, light; a full crop is expected in California.

According to present indications there will be about half the usual apple crop in New York State.

The late Charles Downing is reported to have said: "If I could have but one pear I would take the Sheldon."

A Montana exchange says that grain—both oats and wheat—is late, but a fine harvest is expected, especially of excellent winter wheat.

At the recent International Millers' Exhibition in London, England, the champion gold medal for the best wheat was awarded to an exhibit of Red Life from Manitoba.

Prof. G. W. Atkinson, of the Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical College, has been elected Professor of Botany at Cornell University, in place of Prof. Dudley, resigned.

Advices from Australia are to the effect that the wheat crop will be about the same in Australia and New Zealand this year as last, with a surplus of 12,000,000 sheep bushels for export.

D. D. Johnson, of the West Virginia station, tabulated notes for six new varieties of tomatoes, showing date of ripening and the average daily and weekly yields during the bearing season. The varieties are commended in the following order: Brandywine, Ignotum, Cumberland Red, Early Market, Champion, Atlantic Prize and the Mikado or Turner Hybrid.

Facts and Fancies.

Big Rapids, Mich., has a co-operative society of 130 people, the object of which is to keep one another in employment.

The Mexico, (Mo.) papers are commending the study of anatomy to a young lady of that city who blew into a friend's right ear in order to get a bug out of her left.

The mustache worn by a clergyman in Knox, Ind., aroused the displeasure of his congregation to such an extent that he was asked to shave it off. He refused and tendered his resignation, which was accepted.

A little baby crawled into the arms of its dead mother, Mrs. W. H. Ferguson, of Galesville, Mich. The child was fast asleep when the father came home and found the mother lying a corpse in the wood shed.

Charles Coolidge, of Tacoma, Wash., could not get a marriage license some time ago because he forgot the name of his bride. He knew her first name was Kittie, but could not remember her last name.

A missionary among the Indians in Manitoba said in a gathering of Christians that he was acquainted with a chief whose name was Man-Afraid-of-Nobody. He married a dusky Xantippe, and before the honeymoon was over called the tribe together and asked to have his name changed.

The worst convict in the Missouri penitentiary is a man named Johnson. He once made an attempt to escape by setting the prison on fire, and \$200,000 worth of property was destroyed. He recently attempted lassoing a keeper with a lasso made of bed ticking, but was not strong enough to overpower him, and was himself forced back in his cell, which he had ingeniously un-locked.

The Boston Transcript thinks that the days of chivalry are not dead when two young ladies of Old England families and fine education are setting up a school for freedmen in the "black belt" of Alabama, having bought the land and built a large house for the school and a little one to live in—all in the backwoods and in a country where there are 2,500 blacks to only 200 white.

CLIPPINGS.

Belgium's telephones are run by the Government.

An express engine consumes not gallons of water per mile.

The first banana was brought to the United States about fifty years ago.

Eight Indiana counties bear the names of heroes of the battle of Tippecanoe.

James Payn says the bludgeon roughness gives a deadlier wound than the rapier Satire.

Bismarck has ordered enough if worn three deep to cover a man six feet across the shoulders.

The diving apparatus is one of the latest objects to which the telephone has been applied.

Two little islands—Zanzibar and Pemba—turnish four-fifths of the cloves consumed by the world.

It is not yet certain whether Venezuela is enjoying a revolt or a revolution. But flour is \$80 a barrel in Caracas.

The best time to settle of the valley plants is in the early fall, from the middle of September to the last of October.

India rubber trees grow wild all over Lee county, Fla. At Fort Myers they are the chief shade and ornamental trees.

The largest and longest stone bridge in the world is over an arm of the China sea, five miles long, with 300 arches, each seventy feet high.

The magnifying lens is believed to have been known to the ancients, but in modern times was brought into use by Roger Bacon in 1262.

There are \$1,400,000,000 in gold in circulation throughout the world, and good authority asserts that \$1,000,000 of it is lost annually by wear.

The highest viaduct in the world has just been erected in Bolivia over the river Lea, 9,883 feet above the sea level and 4,008 feet above the river.

Mr. Blaine may be seen hunting mushrooms in the early morning, says a Bar Harbor correspondent. That's the time to pluck them tender, when the dew is on them.

Ten-year-old Edith Brill, of Woolwich, England, has received the Royal Humane Society's medal for saving one of two little boys who fell into King William's Dock.

Collectors of curios complain of a "protective" tariff on ancient armor. But the whole subject seems to involve protection; that's what the knights wore the armor for.

Gen. Grant's mother, father and maiden sister are buried in a Cincinnati cemetery, their last resting place being marked by a modest granite monument designed by Gen. Grant himself.

More than a fourth of the gold and more than a third of the silver produced throughout the world in the year 1891 was mined in the United States.

At Placentia Bay, Newfoundland, alone 1,200 men and women are employed in the lobster industry. Five million is the annual catch, which represents \$180,000 in value.

A pneumatic tube connects Paris with Berlin. It is used for postal purposes, and makes it possible for a letter mailed in Paris to be delivered in Berlin in thirty-five minutes.

1892.

1892.

Hazel Green

FAIR ASSOCIATION.

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

Tuesday, Sept. 27,

Wednesday, Sept. 28,

Thursday, Sept. 29,

Friday, Sept. 30.

* \$1,200 IN PREMIUMS! *

Competition Open to the World.

ADMISSION.

Children over 10 and under 15 years - - - 25 Cents
Over 15 years - - - - - 35 Cents

Catalogues giving premiums in full will soon be ready for distribution, and may be had by addressing the Secretary.

D. S. GODSEY,
President.

W. T. SWANGO,
Secretary.

The adjournment of Congress completes a thirty years' service in the House for Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania. Mr. Holman comes next in length of representation, as he has been for twenty-eight years a Congressman.

The Brazil nut contains from fifteen to twenty-four seeds, which all germinate at one time. The most vigorous one gets first through a small hole at the top to the open air, and thereupon it strangles and feeds upon the rest.

An original method of inducing the residents of Alsace-Lorraine to become Germans has been discovered by the Volk, the organ of Herr Stoecker. This journal proposes that the State shall give a dowry to every native of Alsace-Lorraine who marries a German.

Zola recently announced that he would base his next book on the "Pillgrimages to Lourdes," and implied that he would cast ridicule on the miracle of Notre Dame de Lourdes. A few days ago he was informed by "muscular Christians" that such a proceeding on his part would be at his peril.

A Washington correspondent who has reported the proceedings of Congress for about a generation says that "this is the soberest Congress that ever sat in the national Capitol. Composed of over 300 members, there are not more than half a dozen who get on an occasional spree."

One of the men who rode through the terrible chase at Balaklava without paying his life as a forfeit is Thomas Morley, who is employed at the War Department in Washington. He describes himself as "the only survivor in America of that battle," but the claim is a boastful one, for Balaklava survivors are as numerous in this country as Revolutionary widows.

Ex-Senator Van Wyck, whom the People's Party of Nebraska has nominated for Governor, is one of the pioneer settlers of the State. Before the outbreak of the war he led a caravan of colonists from New York and pre-empted a large tract of land near where the thriving town of Nebraska City now stands. Gen. Van Wyck himself owns a fine farm of 800 acres.

What an awful fate is that of Senator Don Taliaferro, who kissed a young lady on the Plaza in January and was still in jail for it in July. The Senator, whose lips he had sought to surprise, prosecuted him and he was condemned to sixty days' imprisonment. He appealed, and there being no petty-foggish lawyers in league to cheat justice down there, the law's sentence was in effect enforced pending appeal, and the decision of the Supreme Tribunal finally added thirty days more to his sentence.

An Epidemic of Bloody Flux.

Last summer the flux raged here to a fearful extent. About five miles north of here, at the Whiteside grave yard, there were five victims of this dreadful disease buried in one day. The doctors could do nothing with the disease. When my family were taken, I went to Walters Bros., of Waltersburg, and told them the situation. They said to give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy; that they had sent out several hundred bottles into the infected district and "every day we hear how this medicine is curing them. So far we have not heard of its failing in a single instance." I went to giving it and could soon see the good effects and a cure was the result. Anyone doubting these facts may write to me—(L. C. Ellis, Rock, Pope county, Illinois. For sale by T. G. Julian.

W. A. SUTTON.

East Main Street,
Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.
FURNITURE.

I AM in it to win, and will do it by handling only the best make of goods and selling at a small profit. The time is off for success in a small business with large profits. BUSINESS MEN can only hope to attain success, in this day of progress, by many sales each article bearing a small profit; and then, every customer must be treated alike. How unfair it is to sell to one man at a certain price, and because his neighbor is a little closer, to sell to him for less money. It is not right. My stock of FURNITURE is entirely NEW, not a piece of old stock. It has been purchased for the cash, it is in my store less all discounts. Buying my entire stock at once, by car-load shipments, I have saved considerable freight expense, and by these methods my stock is put in the store much cheaper than when small orders are made, hence I can sell at VERY CLOSE FIGURES, saving money to my customers and making some for myself. Goods which I have subjected to very low prices:

BED ROOM SUITS, DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, PARLOR SUITS, FOLDING BEDS, WARDROBES, BOOK-CASES, SIDE-BOARDS, ETC.



I also keep a complete line of CASKETS in my Undertaking Department, and, having graduated in this business, in offering my services it is with the confidence that I understand the business and can give satisfaction.

Store-room, MAIN STREET, Next Door to R. C. Lloyd's Drug Store. Residence on West High Street.

HICKS' CARPET STORE.

No. 37 North Broadway, Second Floor,

Lexington, Ky.

CARPETS.

All kinds of best grade of Carpets at the very lowest possible prices.

CURTAINS.

Beautiful Curtains, well worth the money. They are called Bargains.

OIL CLOTHS.

Oil Cloths, the best makes and in the newest and most desirable patterns.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

No house in Kentucky handles better goods or sells for closer profits.

FURNITURE.

J. H. WIEHL & SON,

44 East Main Street,

LEXINGTON, KY.

Dealers in all kinds of Furniture.

Walnut, Oak, Mahogany

and Cherry Bedroom Sets.

The HODELL FOLDING BED

The Best Bed Made.

THE HANDSOMEST LINE OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES IN CENTRAL KENTUCKY AT PRICES LOWER THAN ANY.

THE ADVOCATE.

JUDGE PETERS' REMINISCENCES.

Indisposition, with a disinclination to white, caused the interval between my last number and this, but having somewhat improved in health, I now resume the effort to complete the self-imposed task.

Having closed my last number with a statement of the capture by the colonies of Fort Duquesne, and a great relief it was to the early settlers westward. I proceeded now to state some of the facts that led to the rupture between England and her North American colonies.

At the close of the war between England and France, England found herself very heavily indebted and charging that a part of that indebtedness had been created by the aid she had given the colonies in effecting their settlements and carrying on their wars, it was just that they should contribute to liquidate those debts, their just proportion of them and that Parliament should take such steps as would accomplish that object which implied, or was a direct protest, that the Parliament of Great Britain had the right and power to enact laws, tax these colonies against their will, without being represented, thereby denying the colonies the right of representation. At time passed these debts grew, the necessity became more urgent, and the passage of such an act certain to excite and protests by the colonists to his majesty George III. and his Parliament, in language elegant and respectful, if not too submissive, was a necessity, but with arguments unanswerable, denying the rights of Kings and Parliament, or either, to tax them when they were not represented, but so heed was given to protest or danger, and although the danger grew, the colonists still took no active steps to protect themselves from the calamity, but seemed still to trust to their petitions, until Patrick Henry appeared in the House of Burgesses as the representative of the county of Hanover, or Louisa Virginia, it does not appear which; but is not material. He was a member in 1764-1765. Unknown to fame and to a majority of his colleagues, his speech in the "Parson's case," as it was called, had given him great notoriety in the county in which it was delivered, and in a few counties near.

In March, 1764, the British Parliament had passed resolutions preparatory to the levying of a revenue on the colonies by a stamp tax. These resolutions were in due time by the proper authorities communicated to the House of Burgesses of Virginia, a committee was appointed by the House to prepare an address to the King, a memorial to the Lords, and a remonstrance to the House of Commons. Mr. Wirt says of these papers, that while they affirm in strong and clear terms the constitutional exemption of the colony from taxation by the British Parliament, they nevertheless breathe a tone so suppliant as to indicate that no opposition beyond remonstrance at this time was meditated. In January, 1765, however, the famous Stamp Act was passed, to take effect the first of the following November. This measure seemed to stun the whole continent of America. All ranks of society were confounded. No one knew what to hope, what to move to fear, or what course was best to be taken, (Wirt's Life of Patrick Henry, 38-40-41).

Perhaps no Legislature of the same number of men ever assembled that combined as great an amount of talent as the House of Burgesses of Virginia; certainly none with more. Richard Henry Lee was there, the Cicero of the colony, John Bland, Edmund Pendleton, Peyton Randolph and George Wythe. These great men were opposed to certain resolutions introduced into the House and were specially noticed further along. Mr. T. Jefferson and Col. Carrington were there. The gentlemen just named were the leaders of the House, Mr. Lee being then regarded as the greatest orator of the colony of Virginia, if not of all of them. While the Stamp Act was very offensive and alarming to all the members of the House yet the papers sent by them to England were in terms too submissive to indicate opposition, much less any resistance to the enforcement of the law. But there was one member there, although it was his first session, obscure, ungainly in appearance, and ungraceful in manner, perhaps unknown, except by name, to the leaders, whose patriotism revolted at

the tyranny and oppression of his country by England, and, seeing that no effective steps were being taken in the Assembly by his seniors nor by the leaders, he determined to do what he could to arouse his countrymen to a realization of their danger, and to warn England that her attempt to enforce her Stamp Act would not be devoid of blood and horror. That man was Patrick Henry, and to carry out his object Mr. Henry introduced five resolutions into the Assembly of Virginia, four of which are a mere reaffirmation of the principles of the addresses, petitions and remonstrances that the Legislature and the people of Virginia had often sent to the powers of England, but the fifth was in different tones and plainly informs her that the time may come when other means than addresses, petitions and remonstrances would be used, and, as some may never have read it, (and if they have, it will be refreshing to read it again), it is copied in this paper, as follows:

"Resolved therefore, That the General Assembly of this colony have the sole right and power to lay taxes and impositions upon the inhabitants of this colony; and that every attempt to vest in any power or power in any person or persons whatever other than the General Assembly aforesaid has a manifest tendency to destroy British as well as American freedom."

This resolution produced a profound sensation in the House, not to say alarm. The gentleman Lee and others before named were opposed to this fifth resolution, but were not particularly excited over it, not doubting that they could defeat its adoption of the resolution; but when they came to hear Mr. Henry's argument in favor of its adoption and when, in denouncing the "tyranny of the obnoxious act" he exclaimed, in a voice of thunder and with the look of a God, "Cease! had his Brutus, Charles I. his Cromwell, and George III.—'Treason!' cried the Speaker, and 'Treason!' echoed from different parts of the house; Henry faltered not, but, rising to a loftier attitude, and fixing on the Speaker an eye of most determined fire, finished the sentence with the finest emphasis—"and George III. may profit by their example. If it be treason make the most of it!" (Wirt's Life of Patrick Henry, p. 83.)

It was in the same speech that Mr. Henry, drawing himself to his full stature, and with one hand aloft exclaimed, in a voice of thunder, "If we would be free, we must fight; we must fight!" which so electrified all who heard it that they were called back by many voices, apparently involuntary—prophetic words, which the lapse of ten years verified. On the roll of the Assembly being taken the resolution was adopted by a majority of one vote.

These lines may seem foreign to the subject in hand, but the writer hopes to show its connection in the next paper.

The proceedings of the Democratic mass convention held in the Court House at Frenchburg, Ky., on Saturday, Aug. 13th, 1892, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the convention to be held in Catlettsburg, Ky., on the 15th day of August, 1892, to nominate a Democratic candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals for the First Appellate District of Kentucky. The convention being called to order by J. H. Wallis, Chairman of the Democratic County Committee.

On motion, W. S. Pierce was made chairman of the meeting, and J. J. Byrne was made secretary.

The appointment of the usual committee was dispensed with and the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That I. N. Collier, J. J. Byrne, Thos. Greenwald and Jo. Cobb, are hereby appointed delegates to the convention to be held at Catlettsburg, Ky., on Aug. 18, 1892, to nominate a Democratic candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals from the First District of Kentucky, and instructed to cast the vote of Menifee county in said convention for the Hon. James H. Hazelrigg, of the county of Montgomery, and use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

2. That the Mt. Sterling Advocate publish these proceedings, and all other Democratic newspapers in the district are requested to copy.

3. That in the event that no delegate from Menifee county attends the general convention, A. A. Hazelrigg or Squire Turner be directed to cast the vote as indicated by the foregoing resolutions.

The meeting then adjourned.

W. S. PIERCE, Chm'n.
J. J. BYRNE, Sec'y.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

O'GRADY TO GROVER.

(Louisville Times.)

Arrah, Grovo, me bye,
It gives me j'ye,
To lift me hat to you,
For could Hin's hat
Will get mashed flat,
In 1892.

The Dimmycrats
Will chase the rats
From hell to Ballyhoo,
An' 'twill be fun
To see them run
In 1892.

Arrah, Grovo, don't grieve,
For you an' Steve
Have hearts both warm an' true,
For you're the men
To clane out Ben,
In 1892.

We'll boast, nor brag
But take the flag—
The old rid, white an' blue,
An' 't shall wave
O'er Binne's grave
In 1892.

The Dimmycrats,
Like Casey's cats,
We'll grow in numbers, too,
Until the crowd
Will make his hand
In 1892.

For you an' Steve
I do believe
Will run a clear race through,
For Bin can't run
The son-a-v-a-gan,
In 1892.

He'll walk or pace,
An' lose the race,
Short-winded horses do,
An' he will find,
That he's behind
In 1892.

So, Grover, go in,
An' go to win,
We'll shout "hoorah-ho-roo!"
We'll throw the group
Into the soup
In 1892.

WILL S. HAYS,
Taking Them at Their Word.

The good faith of the Democratic politicians of this State who opposed the nomination of Cleveland and were pledged to support the aspirations of Till is to be put to a thorough test. Mr. Murphy remains Chairman of the State Committee and Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan is not only a member of the National, Executive and Campaign Committees, but has been made Chairman of the State Campaign Committee. No one more conspicuously represents the Hill Democrats than Mr. Sheehan, but it is not conceivable that he would accept these responsible committee places unless he intended to work heartily for the election of the national ticket, as well as to secure a Democratic majority in the next Legislature.—N. Y. World.

A Big Land Claim.

A special from Covington says: "A land suit of considerable moment was filed in the United States Court Thursday."

"E. T. Bradstreet, of this city, represents the plaintiff. It will excite considerable comment in the vicinity of Mt. Sterling, Ky. The plaintiff in the case is Mue. Apolina B. Maretezek, who is known all over the United States and Europe. She sues for a lot of land near Mt. Sterling, and in the same county."

"Mue. Maretezek was the once prominent opera singer, and is now engaged in teaching music in New York city. She stands high in the opinion of those who compose the best musical circle. French by birth, she is the descendant of Gen. Lafayette."

"The land for which she is seeking to recover a title was signed over by Patrick Henry to John Cannon in the year 1788. She claims to have purchased the land many years ago, but did not realize the value of it until recently. As there are over fifty defendants, a bitter fight is expected."

The western line of the land grant referred to in the above article is said by those who claim to know, to begin at Little Mountain (where the Cox house now stands, corner of Queen and Locust streets) and run through Mattie Lee City, on through the village of Bethel, in Bath county, and must include a large amount of territory. The suit will hardly amount to anything.

Telegraph Operator Van Duzor, who was appointed to one of the vacancies caused by the discharge of several D. L. & W. operators in Elmira, N. Y., was ejected from his boarding house Wednesday night, the proprietor refusing him board. He mounted an engine later to go to Horsehead for the night, but as soon as the engineer discovered Van Duzor's identity he told the operator that none but union men could ride on that engine.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Pope has written another letter regarding the World's Fair, specially commending the proposed Catholic Educational exhibit.

It is reported that Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, has prepared his resignation, to be presented on the reassembling of Congress.

Of the five men who will represent England at the International Monetary Conference two are pronounced monometalists, two bimetalists and one neutral.

There were 189 business failures throughout the country during the past seven days, as against 184 the week before and 227 the corresponding week last year.

Hon. W. Bourke Cochran, the Tammany orator, has signified his intention to speak for Cleveland and Stephenson whenever his services are desired by the National Committee.

The Grand Encampment of Knights Templars at Denver finished its work Friday and adjourned. The Kentucky commanderies left immediately for home.

South Dakota will this year be the banner wheat State of the Union. Her yield is placed by experts at from 50,000,000 to 60,000,000 bushels. There are also abundant quantities of other grain.

Announcement last Thursday that the relatives of the late Mrs. Hopkins-Searles were about to bring suit against her husband for what they considered their fair share in the estate caused much surprise in New York.

The Switchmen's Union will take a hand in the steel-workers' strike. At a meeting of the Trades and Labor Assembly at West Superior, Wis., they promised to handle no cars containing the product of non-union workers.

Edward O. Ross, of Brooklyn, eloped with and married Edna May Kelly. Miss Kelly is the eldest daughter of John C. Kelly, one of the Pittsburgh iron kings, and senior member of the foundry firm of Kelly, Jones & Co.

The strike of the planing mill men of St. Louis, which has been on for several weeks, has been declared off, and the men are now seeking their places. The trouble arose over a demand for shorter hours with no decrease in pay.

Helen Holman Harney, a grandchild of Representative Holman, of Indiana, died Thursday at Hamilton, Va. The child was a great favorite with Mr. Holman, and he was deeply affected by her death.

At Ogden, N. J., a building in course of erection collapsed and twenty men were buried in the ruins. One dead body has been recovered, and four of the injured will die. At a late hour twelve men had been taken from the ruins.

Mail from Japan brings news of great loss of life and property by inundation and wind storms. Along the Asahigawa river over 100 persons were drowned and 5,000 houses submerged. In Tokushima forty-one persons were crushed to death by falling houses.

John A. Botzum arrived in Ogden, Utah, recently, on a journey around the world. Botzum is a newspaper man of talent. He left Akron, O., in March, 1891, and is now on his way back home. He will remain in Ogden about a week to rest up, and will then proceed on his journey.

Heavy general rains have continued several days over Southwestern Texas covering the drought region and the lower Rio Grande, and extending into Northern Mexico, where it has not rained for three years, and where much suffering exists. The Rio Grande is on a boom, the first time for several years.

Detective Bailey arrested at Chicago a young man known as D. C. Moore, who is wanted in Boston for forgery. Moore asked the detective to look in his (Moore's) large sample trunk for some papers. The detective stopped over, when Moore seized him by the heels, dumped him into the trunk, slammed the lid, locked the door of the room and made his escape.

The most remarkable pug dog in the country is dead. Champion George owned by Auditor Edwin A. Fug, of the Controller's Office, Philadelphia, was overcome by the heat. He had received 14 first prizes, and he had acquired his title of "champion." His last was so perfect in its curves that it was at first alleged that it had been "fixed," or wrapped in lead foil and curved. George was 15 years old.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, TINWARE, WOODENWARE,

AND A FULL LINE OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mitchell & Fish Bros.' Wagons.

New South and Pioneer Cane Mills, Cook's Evaporators and Pans, Cider Mills, Saw Mill Supplies and Belting.

ED. MITCHELL,

LEADING HARDWARE MERCHANT.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

A Relationship Problem.

C. H. Meng sold to Byrd Kidd, of Winchester, four heavy oxen at \$3.40. . . . P. S. Anderson bought of T. J. Snyder 10,000 pounds of tobacco at 7 cents. . . . Talbot & Gillespie sold to Byrd Kidd, of Winchester, 34 head of cattle at \$4.50. . . . G. W. Rash sold to Lehman's agent 73 head of cattle, average weight 1,475 pounds, at \$4.25 and premium. . . . C. H. Meng sold 15 head of Southdown bucks at \$15 per head.—North Middletown Advance.

Lamb buyers are engaging lambs in Woodford for next Spring, paying from 6 to 6 1/2 cents for 10th of June delivery.

A hog buyer for a leading Chicago packing house is reported to have said: "It is seldom I am bullish but this is one of the times I am. I believe hogs are going to sell considerably higher, and think they will reach \$6 before the end of next month. I look for lighter receipts, and think that a good many of the hogs we get in May and June were not due until July and August. There will be a market falling off in the receipts for ninety days to come."

R. D. Bruce, agent for Sullivan & Voris, Burgin, has bought within the last few days 75,000 bushels of wheat at 70 cents per bushel. . . . Ed Brownling, Jr., of Pine Grove, sold 110 head of hogs averaging 275 pounds at \$5.75 per hundred. . . . John Will Poor bought of O. F. Meredith 100 Tennessee ewes at \$3.75 per head.—Danville Advocate.

Well made a shipment of 532 head of export cattle from this place Wednesday. All were bought in this county.

There never was known to be so slim a prospect for a good tobacco crop than the present one. The acreage is about 90 percent of the crop of last year while the condition is about 45 percent of last year's crop. The present crop, besides being unimproved in the most uneven crop ever seen in the county.—Williamstown Courier.

The sheep industry would rival the horse interests if the Legislature would protect the flocks from the worthless dogs. They could make a law to tax a dog and a sheep, and have a common fund, that when A's dog kills B's sheep, if he was not financially good his dog should be killed and "B" paid for his sheep out of the general fund, derived from taxes on dogs, and if "B" kills "A's" dog he should pay "A" for his dog a value not exceeding the price of a sheep, and if "B" could not pay that amount, he should draw it out of the general fund derived from taxes on sheep.—Lexington Gazette.

The first suit against the Pinkertons growing out of the Homestead affair was begun at Philadelphia on Thursday. It was filed by William R. Lelar against Robert A. Pinkerton and William A. Pinkerton, trading as Pinkertons' National Detective Agency. In his statement Lelar says that he was employed by the Pinkertons to act as a watchman at certain buildings in the State of New York, to which the defendants "then and their falsely and deceitfully pretend to be conducting the plaintiff, but the precise location of which the plaintiff was not informed by the Pinkertons."

Then follows the account of the Pinkertons' fight with the rioters from the largest at Homestead on the 6th of July. Lelar says that he fell into the hands of the mob, was kicked and beaten with clubs, sticks and stones and seriously injured. He asks \$20,000 for damages.

Two ladies out walking met a gentleman; he raised his hat to one, and the other said: "Do you know that gentleman?" The other lady replied his mother was my mother's only child. The publisher of the Ladies Pictorial Weekly will give an elegant Chieftain Piano, valued at five hundred dollars, to the first person telling the relationship existing between the gentleman and lady speaking last. An elegant suit of Parlor Furniture, valued at two hundred dollars will be given for second correct answer. A first class combination ladies or gentlemen's Bicycle, valued at one hundred and thirty-five dollars, will be given for third correct answer. An elegant suit of Bedroom Furniture, valued at seventy-five dollars will be given for fourth correct answer. Ten elegant Gold Watches (good movements) will be given for each of the next ten correct answers, and a valuable prize will be given to every person that answers this problem correctly. We are publishing the very best and handsomest Ladies' Weekly publication for the price on the two continents, it equals all the high priced weekly publications, and our object in awarding these prizes is to introduce it into new homes and make permanent subscribers. We guarantee that every person answering this problem correctly will receive a valuable prize that will enable us to secure their friends as subscribers. Every one answering must enclose one dollar for a six month trial subscription to the Ladies' Pictorial Weekly, which is published by a perfectly reliable firm. Prizes will be sent promptly and just as represented. Contestants should answer to-day as date of postmark counts and this advertisement appears all over the country on the same day. Prizes will be sent free of cost, duty. Address Ladies' Pictorial Weekly, "H" Toronto, Canada. 5-21

For Sale.

A good desirable home within the city limits. First-class dwelling of 8 rooms, good cistern, orchard of 50 fruit, grapes in abundance, good barn, meat house and all other needed outbuildings. Four and a half acres of land attached susceptible of division into good building lots. Will sell at a bargain.

Wm. H. Brann, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

LEXINGTON, KY.

FAIR

Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2, 3

Competition Open to the World, Free!

The Most Attractive Program Ever Offered

TWO RACES EACH DAY!

FREE! LADIES AND CHILDREN ADMITTED FREE THE FIRST DAY.

Special Trains on All Railroads at Excursion Rates.

For further information call on, address the Secretary, GEO. E. WHITELEY, President, THOS. L. MARTIN, Secretary.

TRIMBLE BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS.

TRIMBLE BROS.,

Wholesale Grocers

MT. STERLING, KY.

THE ADVOCATE.

Kentucky Training School
opened September 5, 1892. 45-101
Strayed.

A Jersey cow, yellow, right horn off,
strayed from Sim Hunt's pasture, July
9th. Liberal reward paid for her
return.

2-21 JAMES GREENE.
Paris Pannels at Bryan's. 2-21

The next session of Mrs. Harris's
school, Sept. Institute, will open
Monday Sept. 5th.

Green Clay, son of Rev. Green Clay
Smith, at Washington D. C., is at
death's door with fever.

Mr. J. R. Wilson has been appointed
by the County Court Administrator
of the estate of William May,
and was sworn in last Saturday.

The Flemingsburg Gazette has been
purchased by the Gazette Publishing
Co. of this city, and will be managed
by C. H. Day. Ben Hill is in some
way connected with the deal.

Wednesday night a negro, William
Pearson, stole from the stable of Mrs.
Sarah Wilson, on whose place he worked
a horse and buggy. Late in the
night he was found with the horse in
his possession, and lodged in jail.

Sophie Lyons who was confined in
the Montgomery County Jail charged
with complicity in the attempted robbery
of the Farmers Deposit Bank was
released on bail on Saturday afternoon.
Cal Z. T. Young became her bondsman.

The Hazel Greene Fair begins September
27th and continues four days.
The meeting this year promises to
surpass the two previous ones and it
will be remembered the success of the
fair in 1890 and 1891, was beyond the
wildest expectations of the projector.
See advertisement in another column.

Mrs. James R. Wilson will reopen
her class in music on the fifth day of
September. In another column will
be seen her advertisement. For
prices of tuition call on her. Mrs.
Wilson is a success as a teacher,
standing with the first in talent and
as an operator.

The attention of the authorities has
been called again and again to the
sanitary condition of the city. An
order has been issued by the Council
for the cleaning up of those sections
that stand in need of cleansing. Very
little attention is being paid to the
order. Let the proper officers see that
it is enforced at once.

The Magoffin County murderer,
Logan Murphy, was by order of Judge
Cooper removed on Sunday Evening
to the Winchester Jail. It was feared
that the friends of Arch Steele, his
last victim, would save the Commonwealth
the trouble and expense of a
hanging. Murphy has been a very
unruly prisoner and it would be well
for the Clark County jailer to keep an
eye on him or he may find a dead
prisoner or two on his hands.

We are under obligations to Judge
Davis Apperson for copies of Den-
tural papers giving full account of the grand
display of the Triennial Convale of
the Knights Templars. It was one of
the grandest meetings in the history
of the order. There were 25,000 uniformed
Knights in line. Kentucky kept up
her reputation for hospitality.

Dr. Moly and Maysville commandeers
being especially conspicuous for the
open handed manner in which they
kept "open house."

The rumor that Brookshire would
pass through the city Thursday,
caused a number of curiosity seekers
to congregate at the depot. But they
were doomed to disappointment. Mr.
B. did not put in an appearance.
Had Brookshire been brought here
when first captured, there is small
doubt that he would have been
hanged, but now there is a general
motion to let the law take its
course. He will doubtless be hanged
the Sheriff of Menefee county one
of these fine mornings. But his
worthless life can not atone for the
life he has destroyed.

The 8th session of Goodwin's Male
High School will begin September 5,
1892.

Thursday evening in the corridor
of the jail, Logan Murphy, a prisoner
from Magoffin county, sent here for
safe keeping, and who is charged
with the murder of his father, stabbed
Arch Steele, a prisoner from this
county, and mortally wounded him.
It seems the prisoners were engaged
in a game of cards and Steele and
Murphy quarrelled, when Murphy cut
Steele twice, once in the abdomen so
that the bowels protruded, and
again in the side. The cut in the side
was not so serious as the one in the
abdomen. The weapon used was a
Barlow knife. Murphy has once be-
fore since his incarceration, stabbed a
prisoner. How he manages to secure
his knives is a mystery to the jailer.
Murphy will be kept in a cell to him-
self for a while and given the opportunity
to enjoy solitude.

His victim, Steele, died on Saturday
night and was buried at Owingsville
Sunday.

Paris Pannels at Bryan's. 2-21

We have fruit jars for sale, and are
selling them cheaper than any one in
Mt. Sterling.

A. BAUM & SON.

To settle some misunderstandings
in regard to the stolen horse which
was in Brookshire's possession at
John Pitts', we are authorized to make
the following statement: "Was Phil-
lips did Chas. Shubert arrived there
first and took possession of the horse.
Thereafter turned it over to John
C. Richardson. Mrs. Tipton and Mrs.
Howard each received \$50 for the re-
covery of the horse."—Sentinel-De-
mocrat.

Our Court Day.

There was a good Court Day crowd
in town yesterday but merchants re-
port only a fair business day. Some
600 or 700 cattle on the market; prices
ranged from 2 to 3 1/2 cents; about
2,500 sheep selling from \$2.00 to \$4.00
per head. A number of both cattle
and sheep left for Denton. There were
a number of common mules and plug
horses offered but sales were slow.
A few good horses changed hands at
from \$175 to \$200.

Take Notice.

This is to certify that John E.
Cooper was duly nominated as a can-
didate to be voted for at the Novem-
ber election for Circuit Judge in the
21st Judicial district at a primary
election held on 21st Judicial district,
August 1, 1892, and that C. W.
Nesbitt was duly nominated as Com-
monwealth's Attorney in the 21st dis-
trict, to be voted for at the November
election, 1892, and the polls compared
by us. This August 5, 1892.

JOHN D. YOUNG, C. D. C.
H. R. FRENCH, C. C. C.
J. H. WILLIAMS, C. D. E. C.
By JOHN D. YOUNG, Attorney in fact.

The Lexington Fair.

Remember that the Lexington Fair
begins Tuesday, August 30th. The
largest stakes and the richest prem-
iums ever given in the State are of-
fered, and the finest exhibits in the
West will be made. All railroads give
excursion rates to the Fair, and it
is estimated that 100,000 people will
be on the grounds in the five days.
See advertisement in another column,
and write to the Secretary for pro-
gramme.

For Rent.

I have for rent 300 acres of excellent
land within two miles of Mt. Sterling.
Grass, corn and tobacco land in a high
state of cultivation. Will lease for a
term of years.

John H. Mason,
Grassy Lick, Ky.

Pure whisky for medicinal pur-
poses at

Howe & Johnson's.

The Red School House shows, are
the best in the market. Sharp, Trimble
& Denton have a full line.

Lisle Chambers sold 10 hogsheads
of tobacco in Cincinnati last week
which netted him \$10.15 at home.

Clayton Howell sold last week in
Cincinnati a crop of tobacco that he
paid \$900.00 for at home \$1,800.00.

Kennedy Bros.,

The - Prescription - Druggists.
—DEALERS IN—
Pure Drugs, Medicines, &c.
School Books, School Supplies, Pure Inks, pencils, &c. All Toilet Articles. Also Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

Clothing Sales Agent Wanted
For Mt. Sterling and vicinity.

Unprecedented opportunity to a man
of pluck and push. Commissions
yield \$2,000 income to the right man
in the right place.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
2-21 Philadelphia, Pa.

Bracken Association.

The Bracken Association of Baptists
was in session with the Locust Grove
Baptist Church, Nicholas County,
August 10, 11 and 12. The delega-
tion was unusually large and church
letters show the congregations and
churches to be in a healthy con-
dition. The introductory Sermon
was preached by Rev. H. H. Hibbs, of
Mayslick, and was full of wholesome
instruction. The Missionary Sermon
was preached by Rev. E. E. Bomar, of
the Mt. Sterling Baptist Church. He
covered the entire scope and held
his immense audience to the close.

This effort of Mr. Bomar was highly
complimented. Officers elected for
the year were: R. B. Yancey, Moder-
ator, Mayslick; J. W. Hedden, Clerk.
Mt. Sterling; A. S. Rice, Treasurer.
Mt. Olive. \$175.66 was given to
Orphans Home, Louisville, in money
and pledges, about \$42.00 to Rev.
William Jayne for the Morehead
Church and a prayer was asked for
Rev. Barbee, of Cynthiana, whose life
has been given to the gospel work and
who is being cared for in declining
years by the Ministerial Aid Society
was remembered with a contribution.

The entertainment on the part of
the Locust Grove Church was elegant,
and stay a most agreeable one. The
Association adjourned to meet with
the Mt. Sterling Baptist Church
Wednesday before second Sunday in
August 1893.

Go to Julian's

Cold glass of sparkling
soda water.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Daily Prayer Meeting from 11:45
to 12:15.

Reception to members and friends
Thursday evening August 18th.

Sunday August 21st, at 3 p. m. Mr.
R. B. Young will lead the men's
meeting. Topic, Our "Oneness,"
found in Romans 12-5, "so we being
many are one body in Christ."

Fine perfumery and Chamois
Knives and razors

scissors and Shears
at corner drug store T. G. Julian.

Jake Patrick, a son of Keuben Pat-
rick, of Magoffin county, and Deputy
United States revenue collector was
stricken with paralysis at Jackson on
Thursday last week, and at last
accounts was in a precarious condition.
—Hazel Green Herald.

Head quarters for all kinds of
fruit jars.

HOWE & JOHNSON'S.

H. C. and W. T. Swango, of Hazel
Green, had 40 head of extra yearling
cattle and sold them at \$3 to \$3.25 per
hundred.

Sharp, Trimble & Denton are
showing a splendid line of good cloth-
ing for the fall trade, also special
bargains in light and medium weight
goods. Give them a call.

Onward and Upward.

The Hurst Home Insurance Com-
pany after stunning the tide and
weathering the worst fire gale that
ever swept over the United States and
paying every dollar she owes, now
comes out in a brand new suit with a
charter that binds the officers and
members with bands of iron. The
framers are boasting now that they
have the only insurance company in
this country that recovers every \$75
insurance with a lien on \$100 worth
of real estate. Notwithstanding the
severity of last winter's fire, they
were the gauntlet on a 70 cent loss on
the hundred and had insurance against
fire, wind and lightning. Other com-
panies lost more during last winter's
storms whose average cost on fire was only
15 cents on one hundred dollars.

Thanks to our friend, James H. Mc-
Cormick for delicious apples. We
believe the statement, so often made,
that he has the best apple orchard in
the county.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Frankie Hampton is at the
Olympian Springs.

Robert Bridgeforth is quite sick
with symptoms of typhoid fever.

J. A. Long and son George W., of
Frenchburg, were in the city Friday.

F. B. Judy, of Cynthiana is visiting
his brother, W. D. Judy, of this county.

Mr. E. C. Kimbrell, Clay City, was
in the city yesterday.

J. D. Henry and family, of Ezel,
are visiting relatives in the county.

Miss Retta Seivers, of Louisville, is
visiting the family of J. H. Mason.

Miss Mary Bridgeforth visited the
family of Mr. Harry Thompson in
Winchester last week.

Mr. W. D. Cabbel and daughter, of
Washington, D. C., visited Miss Mat-
tie Bridgefirth last week.

Hon. James H. Williams and Judge
J. M. Byrne, of Frenchburg, were in
the city Monday.

D. Frank Elam, of Morgan was in
the city yesterday with cattle, and
sold out at fair prices.

W. S. Talbot bought yester-
day of Trimble & Co., 100 head of
good ewes at \$4 per head.

T. J. Evans, of North Middletown,
was in the city yesterday and gave
the ADVOCATE office a call.

C. M. Slocum, of Louisville, for-
merly of this city, and one of our
best millers visiting friends here.

Mr. Harris and family, of Owings-
ville, was visiting the family of W.
Peed last week.

G. A. Whitney, County Clerk, is
diligently ill at his home on Main
Street. Inflammation of the bladder is
the trouble.

S. H. Gaitskill and wife, of McIntosh,
Florida, are in the city visiting friends
and relatives. They are enjoying
good health and are receiving a hearty
welcome.

Corinne Kennedy, a beautiful belle
of Bourbon county, and Miss Ida Ken-
ney, of Fayette county, are the pleas-
ant guests of Caswell Prewitt and
wife.

H. R. Bright, local editor of the
Sentinel Democrat, is engaged as
individual book-keeper at Traders
Deposit bank. He will be with the
bank until a book-keeper is elected.

Hon. W. M. Kendall, of West Lib-
erty, was in the city yesterday. He
brought the news that Morgan in-
structed for our townsman, Judge
Hazelrigg, for Judge of Court of Ap-
peals.

Mrs. B. C. Barry and son Albert
Sydney, together with her very at-
tractive niece Miss Julia Tyree all,
of Gallatin, Tenn., visited relatives in
the city last week.

Miss Aleno Albino, of Covington, a
very handsome and attractive young
lady, who has been on a protracted
visit to her sister, Mrs. George Smith,
returned home Thursday. At least
one prominent Main Street business
man is the sadder for her going.

Mrs. W. H. Prewett and son, Henry,
of Mt. Sterling, spent the past week
in this neighborhood with relatives.

Miss Fannie D. Brown, of Mt.
Sterling, is visiting friends and re-
latives in the neighborhood. Mrs.
Keece, of Mt. Sterling, is visiting
Mrs. John T. Hodges. Miss Llew-
ellyn Cloud, of Mt. Sterling, is the
guest of Miss Myrtle Judy.—North
Middletown Advance.

Mr. E. C. Kimbrell a very pleasant
gentleman of Clay City, gives us the
following particulars of an accident
that happened at his town last week:
Isaac Stokely a fifteen-year-old boy
employed in the big mill was Thurs-
day caught on the large shaft of the
mill and dashed to pieces. He and
some other boys notwithstanding
they had been warned of the dan-
ger, had been in the habit of sliding
over the shaft. The boy seems to
have tried the experiment when his
clothes were wet and was caught by
the shaft. His body was torn it two,
and his left arm torn off. Death was
instantaneous.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Love's Items.

We have had a few light showers
of rain the past week, which will be a
great benefit to the growing crops.

W. E. Hefflin formerly of this Ball-
win, but now of Vaughn's Mills,
Powell county, Ky., has been quite
sick the past two weeks, but is now
better.

G. M. P. and T. J. Douglass were
thrashing Mr. Collins crop of rye on
the George May farm, on the Kidville
pike and one of the rye, estimated
at seventy-five bushels caught
from a spark and burned up. The
machine and the other rick were saved.

Mrs. Kate Douglass and Miss Carrie
Garrett, visited Mr. Jas. F. McKinnier
and Dillard McKinnier and other
relatives of Spout Springs, Estill
county, the past week.

Mrs. Thompson, Wm. Knox and
Wm. Thome are losing their hogs
with cholera.

St. LARKINS.

Wade's Mill.

Mrs. George Jacoby, of Bourbon, is
visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. T.
J. Wills.

The Wade's Mill Shooting Club or-
ganized and had their first shooting
Saturday.

Most every body is cutting tobacco
this week. We feel safe in saying
that our people have the finest crop
of tobacco that will be grown in the
State.

T. J. Will's three-year-old saddle
gelding took the premium at the
Shenandoah fair. He sold him im-
mediately after to a Fleming county
party for \$300.

Misses Linnie and Lottie Wade, of
Indian Fields, are visiting Miss Lida
Wills.

Thos. Amys has returned home
from the mountains, where he had
been on a ten days business trip.

Terry and Houston's meeting at
Donalson closed last Thursday night
with 14 additions.

Wm. T. Ragland, wife and daugh-
ter, Miss Lula visited relatives and
friends at Boonsborough from Friday
until Sunday.

Miss Mary Beard, of Covington,
and Mr. Dabney Parrish and wife, of
Lexington, are visiting at Charlie
Swift's.

Mrs. Rice Penileton was called to
Menefee county last week to see her
father, Isaac Crouch, who was very
sick and not expected to live.

Sam J. Turley went to Louisville
Tuesday to sell his last years crop
of tobacco. He will go on to Bloom-
ington Illinois to visit relatives.

Grassy Lick.

The Shargboro fair was fairly
represented by our people.

Wm. Ramsey sold a three-year-old
harness filly to Ben Hall for \$110.

A. W. Stofor bought on last Wed-
nesday at John Rogers the Thomas
H. Fox farm near Grassy Lick, con-
taining 160 acres, at \$75 per acre, six
payments bearing interest.

Owen Morris bought of Mrs. Rich-
ard Moore 16 acres of land at \$1.00.
This land is a part of the old Morris
farm.

J. D. Gray sold last week to Wm.
Bush 38 head of cattle at 4 1/2 cents av-
erage 1,578 lbs.

Wm. Greene shipped a carload of
cattle to Cincinnati last week that cost
1 to 3 cents.

Spencer.

Henry Powers is quite sick with
typhoid fever.

A. G. McCormick bought a lot of
logs in Menefee county last week.

Protracted meeting begins at Spencer
church next Monday.

James Orear returned home from
Lexington, where he has been attend-
ing school, Friday.

We are glad to report that Mrs.
Wm. Sield is very much improved in
health.

Next Friday there will be a shoot
between the Mt. Sterling and Win-
chester Gun Clubs, the gentlemen of
the home club say they are going to
treat the gentlemen from Winchester
as nice as they treated them, they say
they were never treated nicer any-
where and they say they will do the
most in their power to make
their visitors have a pleasant
time.

There will also be a shoot this af-
ternoon between the Junior and
Senior Montgomery Gun Clubs.

County Convention.

At a mass meeting of the Democ-
racy of Montgomery county, held at
the Court House Saturday, Aug. 13th,
at 2 o'clock, p. m., the meeting was
called to order by County Chairman
H. R. French, who stated the object
of the meeting. Judge B. J. Peters
was elected permanent Chairman, and
S. S. Cassidy and C. W. Harris,
Secretaries.

On motion of Col. A. W. Hamilton,
seconded by Col. Thos. Turner, the
following resolutions were adopted,
viz:

Resolved: 1. That the following
delegates be appointed to attend the
Convention at Cattleburg on the
18th day of August, 1892, to nominate
a Democratic candidate for Judge of
the Court of Appeals, in the First
Appellate District:

J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
J. B. Gentry	J. B. Gentry	G. C. Gentry	G. C. Gentry
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A

THE ADVOCATE.

Stories About Chang and Eng.

The Richmond Dispatch gives some interesting details about the last days of the Siamese twins. Some of the children were nearly grown, when one day, from some cause or other, a squabble ensued, in which the mothers took part and subsequently Chang and Eng, who being men of spirit and courage, drew their knives and began to attack each other, when the wives, seeing the danger, begged them to desist. The twins ceased struggling, but decided then and there that they would be separated, and at once sent to Mount Airy for their family physician, Dr. Hollingsworth, a man with quite a local reputation as a skillful surgeon. He arrived with his instruments and after being told what was wanted remarked: "Very well, just get up on that table and I'll fix you; but which would you prefer, that I sever the flesh which connects you or cut off your heads? One will produce much the same result as the other." This brought the twins to their senses, for they knew very well that the great surgeons of London, Paris and New York had decided that it would be death to separate them.

In a perplexity of mind how to guard against future wars in their household, the twins called in Dr. Hollingsworth and Messrs. Gilmore and Rowley, of Mount Airy, as arbitrators. These gentlemen, after revolving in their minds, drew up a legal contract whose principal provisions were that out of the money owned by the twins a similar mansion and like outbuildings as those which they then owned should be built on the large estate about one mile from the existing homestead; that the land should be equally divided between the two brothers by a competent surveyor; that no transaction of a business nature should take place on these farms between the two brothers; that the family of Chang should live in one house, while that of Eng should live in the other; and while the wives occasionally visited each other it was occasionally that for many years the children did not inter-change visits, though they met at church or in the village.

It was also agreed that Eng should spend three days and three nights with his folks, and that Chang (who, of course, could not help being present) should, during that time, remain passive and not in any way interfere with the affairs of Eng; then Chang should spend three days and nights at his own house, Eng being during that time, as mindful of attending strictly to his own business, and not that of his brother, as Chang had been.

The provisions were accepted and religiously observed by the brothers until death, they alternating every three days in their visit to their family. Indeed, so particular were they in not having business transactions with each other that if, for instance, Eng needed corn for his cattle, and Chang had it for sale, Eng never once hinted at buying it from his brother. And again, as sometimes happened, if one brother received an invitation to dinner or tea the other would, of course, go, but upon leaving would remark to the host: "I will pay my visit to you some future time."

During their travels the twins accumulated much money, and in their absence from home their wives managed their property in an excellent manner. Several children were born to each wife, and these all received a first-class education, and were brought up as members of the church, principally of the Baptist denomination. All of the children, save one deaf and dumb daughter, were healthy and strong, have married and are counted as some of the best citizens of that section of the State, and inherited about \$200,000 left by their fathers.

The last scene in the history of the twins was as sad as it was remarkable, and without precedent. While with Barnum in 1873, Chang had suffered from a slight stroke of paralysis, but after medical treatment and rest, had apparently recovered, and Christmas was merrily spent at home. About the 15th or 16th of January, 1874, the twins were over at Eng's house, and after a comfortable sojourn, followed by their usual pipe, they retired in seeming good health. Early the next morning Eng woke up, and calling to his wife, asked her to ascertain what ailed Chang, as he could not be awakened. Mrs. Sally Bunker, very soon realizing that Chang was no more, dispatched a boy on horse-

back to the village (some three miles distant) for Dr. Hollingsworth. When the messenger had gone, Eng complained of feeling numb and cold in his extremities, and his family did all they could to restore circulation. He rapidly grew colder, and within an hour after awakening and before the doctor arrived he had joined his brother on the farther shore.

From the Scrub to the Paying Herd.

Prof. I. P. Roberts, of Cornell University, at a New York fair conference, gave this advice: "When you have secured the good cow get her to eat all she can. The more you can coax her to eat the better, as profits come alone from food. Don't starve the calf. You can not afford to let it stop growing a minute; neither teach it to make fat; if you do, when she is four years old and you ask her for milk, she will say: 'No, sir; don't ask me for milk—I haven't got for you; but I can give you tallow, if that will do.' Do not discard the helper when she is two years old and has her first calf, if she does not come up to your expectations; try her another year, then if she refuses turn her over to the bologna sausage mill. It is a long journey from the scrub to the paying herd, but it can be reached sooner or later if we will."

Tree Shelters.

A narrow strip of woods left on the crest of the hills, and on the north and west sides of many farms, would pay a large interest by the increase of the crops which would result from such shelter on the remainder of the farm. Where woods have been cut away, an English authority says: I think it would pay well to plant these strips, and by good care to promote their growth as rapidly as possible. Quick-growing species in this case should be selected, such as chestnuts, maples and poplars. I have for several years allowed all young trees growing along the fences to grow. I have trimmed them, and quite a number have grown so rapidly that I have trees which will soon be fit to cut for rails and posts. They take no room, shelter the field and give some shade for cattle.

The Astors are not the largest taxpayers in New York, as is often asserted, writes Col. John A. Cockerill. This year they will pay taxes on \$21,000,000, the Vanderbilts will pay on \$30,400,000. The Vanderbilt assessment is largely increased by the New York Central and Hudson River railroad property inside the city limits and therefore open to the gaze of the Argus-eyed tax man. The next heavy tax-payers are The Consolidated Gas Company, \$22,000,000; Mr. Gould's Manhattan Elevated Railroad, \$20,000,000; the R. and O. Golet estate, \$6,750,000; Lorillard family, \$6,550,000; Equitable Life Insurance Co., \$6,300,000; and on up to one hundred and twenty separate individuals, estates and firms that own one-eighth of the entire city of New York, the elevated railways above New York and the subways beneath New York. This gathering in and gobbling up, so to speak, is not the pleasant phase of the topic, by any means, but it is one that we cannot afford to ignore. And in all likelihood it is one that some day in the not very dim and distant future may require serious consideration.

To keep pigs strong and healthy.

Pigs can be kept neither healthy nor growing without good succulent food. The natural food for pigs in the wild state is grass, the masts of the forest roots and bulbs of plants. Its necessity is well recognized by nature in providing the hog with a rooter. Even after generations of domestication, with ample supply of sustenance, this propensity to root remains a prominent characteristic. Farmers who during the winter months at least twice a week give one feed of potatoes, beets, artichokes or turnips, find that the pigs not only relish, but derive great benefit from them. Brood sows are especially helped by a liberal supply of food diet; indeed, it is almost compulsory in order to insure strong, healthy pigs and a natural farrow.

In Mindanae, the farthest south-eastern island in the Philippine group, upon one of its mountains, the volcanic Apo, a party of botanical and ethnographical explorers found recently, at a height of 2,500 feet above the sea level, a colossal flower as large as a carriage wheel. In fact it is the largest flower known.

The only kind of fruit which appears not to flourish in California is the apple.

Tricks of Hindu Jugglers.

The wonderful tricks of legendary main, the feats of balancing, tumbling, and rope dancing, performed by men and women in the theatres and circuses in this country, are hardly equalled by the commonest tricks and feats performed by Hindu jugglers in their native land.

It is a very common sight in India to see young girls balancing themselves on their heads with their heels in the air, or to see them walking on their hands and feet with their bodies bent backward. It is an easy thing for a girl of fifteen years to bend backwards, plunge her head into a hole eighteen inches deep, full of water and dirt, and bring up between her lips a ring that was buried in the mud.

Women are not less dexterous than the girls and the men. They are frequently seen dancing in couples on slack ropes, one playing on the vina or Hindu guitar, while the other poses, postures, and capers gracefully about a vessel brimful of water in each hand, without spilling a drop, or, fixing the top of the pole in the hollow of his foot, and stands erect, balancing himself, with the boy on his shoulder, as easily as the average person would balance himself on one foot on the ground.

Another very difficult act is that of balancing a sword with a broad blade the point resting on performer's chin; then the juggler will balance a straw on his nose, or on a small stick which he holds in his lips. While performing this trick the juggler sometimes places a piece of this life on his nose, and tosses up a stone which, falling on the tile, breaks it in pieces. Some of the most wonderful feats of these men are performed on the slack rope. While balancing himself on the rope, the performer carries a long stick on the end of his nose. At the top of the stick is set a large tray from which walnut-shells are suspended by threads. He takes in his lips a stick long enough to reach the shells, and by sudden movements of the lips he tosses each shell upon the tray without deranging anything or losing his balance. While doing this he strings beads upon a horse-hair by means of his tongue, and without any assistance from his hands.

The Hindus have found means of communicating their wonderful dexterity to domestic animals. They train bullocks to perform very difficult tasks. A Hindu juggler will lie down on his back and place a small piece of stout wood, about two feet high and six inches in diameter, on the lower part of his stomach. At his command a trained bullock will set its four feet on the top of this stick and balance itself. The juggler will then place another piece of wood, similar to the first, a few inches from it, and the bullock will shift its position so as to touch without touching its feet to the ground. Goats are also taught wonderful feats by this queer people.—Christian Union.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and tonic and acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at W. S. Lloyd's drug store. 50c. per bottle.

Aaron and Otto Quisenberry and George Boyd have been arrested at Cadiz for complicity in the murder of Ennis Blakely by Louis Smith, at Wallonia.

Mr. C. M. Fraize, who was defeated by D. W. Rider for the nomination for Circuit Clerk, in Hardin County, claims that the votes in the primary were not counted correctly. He demands a re-count, and announces that if it is not granted he will be an independent candidate.

Unpleasantness of Current Fiction.

A misguided person recently, who was desirous of being cheerful, and seeking something that would raise his spirits, and who had, perhaps, in his soul a hankering after beauty, said that he could not find in any bookshop or newsstand a novel or short story of recent date that was not unpleasant in subject, and did not end either in despair or degradation. Even in the railway trains the same discouraging and altogether dyspeptic pabulum was offered him; the trains seemed to run by Spohengauer. Every day a shoal of fiction is issued, and it is nearly all of this character. All the young writers catch this note. We cannot deny their sincerity. They do not know yet by experience that it is not a cheerful world they have fallen into, but their attitude to life is that of sadness, investigating sadness aided by a microscope. The duty is laid upon them of studying life as it really is, of exposing its imperfection, its evil and ugliness. This study is usually made without hope. And, the study being always downward, it comes to be felt that one can not be altogether sincere without being sad and too often coarse.—Charles Dudley Warner in Harper's Magazine for August.

WORLD'S BEST CURE FOR WHIPPLE'S VERMILION FOR COUGHS

Has led all the world to cure EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED

Prepared by H. C. WEST, CHICAGO, ILL.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR Piles of whatever kind or degree—External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chills, Burns or Ulcers. This remedy has positively never been known to fail, and is a sure cure for Piles, and by mail purchased on receipt of price. A written Guarantee is given to all purchasers of a box, and if not cured at one time, to refund the \$2.00 cost of the box. Write to H. C. West, 150 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill., for full particulars.

REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS, PURIFY THE BLOOD, A RELIABLE REMEDY FOR Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Stomachic Breaths, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

H. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed cure for all nervous diseases, such as Neuritis, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Stomachic Breaths, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

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THE RHEUMATISM CURE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed cure for all nervous diseases, such as Neuritis, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Stomachic Breaths, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

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THE OLD RELIABLE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

AMZI DODD, PRESIDENT.

Total Assets, January 1, 1892: \$1,845,000.00
Paid Policy Holders since organization: \$1,745,000.00
Losses paid in Kentucky over: \$1,000.00

Assets Paid in Montgomery Co. n. y.
Judge Richard Bell: \$2,000.00
Robert C. Caldwell: \$2,000.00
James Anderson: \$2,000.00
Wm. T. Hanly: \$2,000.00
Jas. A. McGraw: \$2,000.00

After second year no restrictions as to residence or occupation. No forfeiture in case of lapse. Cash loans made up to one-half of the reserve on assignable policies.

The Best Contract Ever Offered.

For any additional information apply to
R. W. SMITH & CO., State Agents, 542 W. Main St., Louisville, Ky.
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FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

If you want good Insurance, insure with HOFFMAN.
If you want reliable Insurance, insure with HOFFMAN.
If you want to insure in companies that pay all losses promptly, insure with HOFFMAN.

He represents more companies and pays his losses with more promptness than any agent in Eastern Kentucky, and insures at rates as low as any agent of a first-class company. Office, TRADERS' DEPOSIT BANK, 1st floor.

A. HOFFMAN.

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Aug. 15-17

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I have rented the Baum building on East Main street, and have fitted up a number of rooms. I am therefore prepared to accommodate my friends with board and lodging by the week, day or meal. Special attention paid to Court-day dinners. Charges reasonable.

J. A. STEPHENS.

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J. W. NICKERSON, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

OFFICE AT Star Planing Mill. Call on him and secure estimates 45-46

Thanking my customers for past favors, I solicit a continuation of their patronage.

J. W. BARBE, Locust street, opposite Walder & Miller's mill.